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2-Chloro-*N*-isopropyl-*N*-phenylacetamideMao-Sen Yuan,^{a*} Zhi-peng Li^b and Qi Wang^a^aCollege of Science, Northwest A&F University, Yangling 712100, Shannxi Province, People's Republic of China, and ^bCollege of Life Sciences, Northwest A&F University, Yangling 712100, Shannxi Province, People's Republic of China

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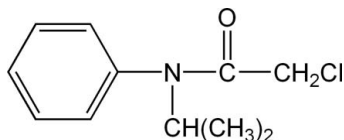
Received 26 June 2010; accepted 8 July 2010

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 298$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003$ Å; R factor = 0.038; wR factor = 0.111; data-to-parameter ratio = 15.4.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{14}\text{ClNO}$, the herbicide propachlor, there are significant differences between the three $\text{N}-\text{C}$ bond lengths [$\text{N}-\text{C}_{\text{carbonyl}} = 1.354$ (3) Å, $\text{N}-\text{C}_{\text{phenyl}} = 1.444$ (2) Å and $\text{N}-\text{C}_{\text{isopropyl}} = 1.496$ (3) Å], indicating the presence of π delocalization involving the carbonyl group. The N atom lies 0.074 (2) Å from the plane defined by the the three bonded C atoms.

Related literature

For studies of propachlor and its derivatives, see: Dhillon & Anderson (1972); Kleudgen (1980).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{14}\text{ClNO}$
 $M_r = 211.68$
 Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$
 $a = 11.9190$ (11) Å
 $b = 7.8042$ (8) Å
 $c = 12.3789$ (13) Å
 $\beta = 98.963$ (1)°

$V = 1137.4$ (2) Å³
 $Z = 4$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.30$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 298$ K
 $0.47 \times 0.45 \times 0.44$ mm

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD diffractometer
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2005)
 $T_{\text{min}} = 0.870$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.878$

5426 measured reflections
 2004 independent reflections
 1501 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.025$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.038$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.111$
 $S = 1.03$
 2004 reflections

130 parameters
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.21$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.19$ e Å⁻³

Data collection: SMART (Bruker, 1997); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 1997); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: ZS2048).

References

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 Dhillon, N. S. & Anderson, J. L. (1972). *Weed Res.* **12**, 182–189.
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 Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **A64**, 112–122.

supplementary materials

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2-Chloro-*N*-isopropyl-*N*-phenylacetamide

M.-S. Yuan, Z. Li and Q. Wang

Comment

Propachlor (2-chloro-*N*-isopropyl-*N*-phenylacetamide) and its derivatives have been widely studied as a pre-emergent herbicide used to control broadleaf weeds and grasses (Dhillon *et al.*, 1972; Kleudgen, 1980). Propachlor may also be used as a precursor in the synthesis of indole-2-one compounds and in the course of exploring new indole-2-one compounds, we synthesized the title compound C₁₁H₁₄ClNO (I), the structure of which is reported here.

In structure of (I) (Fig. 1), there are obvious differences between the three C—N bond lengths (N—C_{carbonyl}, 1.354 (3) Å; N—C_{phenyl}, 1.444 (2) Å; N—C_{isopropyl}, 1.496 (3) Å, indicating the presence of π delocalization involving the carbonyl group. Also N1 lies close to the plane defined by the three bonded carbon atoms C1, C3 and C9 [0.074 (2) Å].

As expected, there are no classic hydrogen bonds in the structure (Fig. 2). However, there is a weak intermolecular aliphatic C11—H11A \cdots O1ⁱ interaction [symmetry code: (i) $-x + 1/2, y - 1/2, -z + 1/2$] stabilizing the packing. This intermolecular hydrogen bond is characterized by the parameters 0.96 Å (C11—H11A) and 2.56 Å (H11A \cdots O1ⁱ).

Experimental

N-Isopropylbenzenamine (1.00 g, 7.41 mmol) was dissolved in toluene (5.0 mL) and cooled to 273 K, after which a solution of 2-chloroacetyl chloride (0.90 g, 8.03 mmol) in toluene (5.0 mL) was slowly added over 0.5 h. with stirring. The mixture was then refluxed for 2 h. then slowly cooled to room temperature over 8 h. Colorless block crystals of (I) were formed (1.33 g, yield 85%).

Refinement

All H atoms were placed in geometrically calculated positions and refined using a riding model with C—H_{aromatic} = 0.93 %A and C—H_{aliphatic} = 0.96–0.97 %A, with $U_{\text{iso}} = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$, or $1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ for CH₃ groups.

Figures

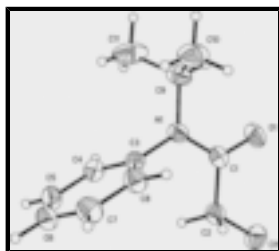


Fig. 1. The molecular conformation and atom numbering scheme for (I). Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level.

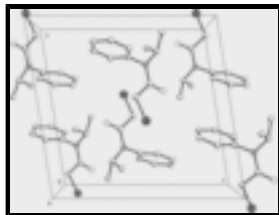


Fig. 2. The molecular packing of (I) viewed down the *b* axis of the unit cell.

2-Chloro-*N*-isopropyl-*N*-phenylacetamide

Crystal data

$C_{11}H_{14}ClNO$

$M_r = 211.68$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$

Hall symbol: -P 2yn

$a = 11.9190$ (11) Å

$b = 7.8042$ (8) Å

$c = 12.3789$ (13) Å

$\beta = 98.963$ (1)°

$V = 1137.4$ (2) Å³

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 448$

$D_x = 1.236$ Mg m⁻³

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 2899 reflections

$\theta = 2.2$ – 25.0 °

$\mu = 0.30$ mm⁻¹

$T = 298$ K

Block, colorless

$0.47 \times 0.45 \times 0.44$ mm

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
graphite

φ and ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan
(*SADABS*; Bruker, 2005)

$T_{\min} = 0.870$, $T_{\max} = 0.878$

5426 measured reflections

2004 independent reflections

1501 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.025$

$\theta_{\max} = 25.0$ °, $\theta_{\min} = 2.2$ °

$h = -14 \rightarrow 12$

$k = -9 \rightarrow 8$

$l = -14 \rightarrow 14$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.038$

$wR(F^2) = 0.111$

$S = 1.03$

2004 reflections

130 parameters

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0469P)^2 + 0.4408P]$

where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.21$ e Å⁻³

$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.19$ e Å⁻³

0 restraints

Extinction correction: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008),

$$F_c^* = kF_c [1 + 0.001 \times F_c^2 \lambda^3 / \sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$$

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Extinction coefficient: 0.079 (5)

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C11	0.57852 (5)	0.22476 (9)	0.44873 (5)	0.0711 (3)
N1	0.25393 (14)	0.3526 (2)	0.40187 (13)	0.0483 (4)
O1	0.40481 (14)	0.4455 (2)	0.32694 (12)	0.0662 (5)
C1	0.36637 (17)	0.3629 (3)	0.39670 (16)	0.0475 (5)
C2	0.44299 (18)	0.2648 (3)	0.48500 (18)	0.0543 (6)
H2A	0.4074	0.1566	0.4980	0.065*
H2B	0.4520	0.3301	0.5525	0.065*
C3	0.21346 (16)	0.2664 (3)	0.49159 (15)	0.0438 (5)
C4	0.17401 (18)	0.0998 (3)	0.47994 (18)	0.0548 (6)
H4	0.1734	0.0423	0.4140	0.066*
C5	0.1354 (2)	0.0186 (3)	0.5666 (2)	0.0674 (7)
H5	0.1097	-0.0939	0.5592	0.081*
C6	0.1349 (2)	0.1042 (4)	0.6635 (2)	0.0691 (7)
H6	0.1073	0.0504	0.7211	0.083*
C7	0.1751 (2)	0.2691 (4)	0.67528 (19)	0.0701 (7)
H7	0.1757	0.3260	0.7414	0.084*
C8	0.21471 (19)	0.3513 (3)	0.58983 (17)	0.0586 (6)
H8	0.2420	0.4629	0.5983	0.070*
C9	0.1714 (2)	0.4559 (3)	0.32459 (18)	0.0641 (7)
H9	0.2083	0.4850	0.2615	0.077*
C10	0.1415 (3)	0.6210 (3)	0.3759 (3)	0.0939 (10)
H10A	0.1033	0.5964	0.4368	0.141*
H10B	0.0926	0.6875	0.3228	0.141*
H10C	0.2097	0.6845	0.4006	0.141*
C11	0.0654 (3)	0.3538 (4)	0.2827 (3)	0.1013 (11)
H11A	0.0865	0.2471	0.2530	0.152*
H11B	0.0186	0.4179	0.2267	0.152*
H11C	0.0240	0.3318	0.3418	0.152*

supplementary materials

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C11	0.0516 (4)	0.0819 (5)	0.0834 (5)	0.0023 (3)	0.0212 (3)	-0.0015 (3)
N1	0.0526 (10)	0.0511 (10)	0.0426 (9)	0.0058 (8)	0.0115 (7)	0.0076 (8)
O1	0.0760 (11)	0.0647 (11)	0.0635 (9)	-0.0032 (8)	0.0288 (8)	0.0168 (8)
C1	0.0592 (13)	0.0403 (11)	0.0455 (11)	-0.0013 (9)	0.0157 (10)	-0.0021 (9)
C2	0.0477 (12)	0.0591 (14)	0.0588 (13)	0.0012 (10)	0.0167 (10)	0.0089 (11)
C3	0.0410 (10)	0.0493 (12)	0.0420 (10)	0.0039 (9)	0.0091 (8)	0.0049 (9)
C4	0.0519 (12)	0.0549 (14)	0.0582 (13)	-0.0021 (10)	0.0106 (10)	-0.0024 (11)
C5	0.0572 (14)	0.0606 (15)	0.0859 (17)	-0.0076 (11)	0.0157 (12)	0.0164 (14)
C6	0.0581 (14)	0.090 (2)	0.0622 (15)	-0.0004 (13)	0.0178 (11)	0.0268 (15)
C7	0.0761 (17)	0.091 (2)	0.0456 (13)	-0.0016 (14)	0.0178 (12)	0.0005 (13)
C8	0.0685 (14)	0.0576 (14)	0.0514 (12)	-0.0041 (11)	0.0150 (10)	-0.0015 (11)
C9	0.0692 (15)	0.0715 (17)	0.0521 (12)	0.0177 (12)	0.0110 (11)	0.0201 (12)
C10	0.095 (2)	0.0512 (16)	0.122 (2)	0.0114 (15)	-0.0266 (18)	0.0041 (16)
C11	0.112 (2)	0.078 (2)	0.094 (2)	0.0226 (18)	-0.0480 (18)	-0.0207 (17)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

C11—C2	1.771 (2)	C6—C7	1.374 (4)
N1—C1	1.354 (3)	C6—H6	0.9300
N1—C3	1.444 (2)	C7—C8	1.381 (3)
N1—C9	1.496 (3)	C7—H7	0.9300
O1—C1	1.222 (2)	C8—H8	0.9300
C1—C2	1.518 (3)	C9—C10	1.503 (4)
C2—H2A	0.9700	C9—C11	1.515 (4)
C2—H2B	0.9700	C9—H9	0.9800
C3—C4	1.383 (3)	C10—H10A	0.9600
C3—C8	1.383 (3)	C10—H10B	0.9600
C4—C5	1.385 (3)	C10—H10C	0.9600
C4—H4	0.9300	C11—H11A	0.9600
C5—C6	1.373 (4)	C11—H11B	0.9600
C5—H5	0.9300	C11—H11C	0.9600
C1—N1—C3	121.03 (16)	C6—C7—C8	120.6 (2)
C1—N1—C9	119.66 (17)	C6—C7—H7	119.7
C3—N1—C9	118.53 (16)	C8—C7—H7	119.7
O1—C1—N1	123.2 (2)	C7—C8—C3	119.5 (2)
O1—C1—C2	121.67 (19)	C7—C8—H8	120.2
N1—C1—C2	115.15 (16)	C3—C8—H8	120.2
C1—C2—C11	112.14 (14)	N1—C9—C10	111.53 (19)
C1—C2—H2A	109.2	N1—C9—C11	111.5 (2)
C11—C2—H2A	109.2	C10—C9—C11	110.8 (2)
C1—C2—H2B	109.2	N1—C9—H9	107.6
C11—C2—H2B	109.2	C10—C9—H9	107.6
H2A—C2—H2B	107.9	C11—C9—H9	107.6
C4—C3—C8	119.95 (19)	C9—C10—H10A	109.5

C4—C3—N1	120.46 (18)	C9—C10—H10B	109.5
C8—C3—N1	119.59 (19)	H10A—C10—H10B	109.5
C3—C4—C5	119.9 (2)	C9—C10—H10C	109.5
C3—C4—H4	120.1	H10A—C10—H10C	109.5
C5—C4—H4	120.1	H10B—C10—H10C	109.5
C6—C5—C4	120.1 (2)	C9—C11—H11A	109.5
C6—C5—H5	119.9	C9—C11—H11B	109.5
C4—C5—H5	119.9	H11A—C11—H11B	109.5
C5—C6—C7	120.0 (2)	C9—C11—H11C	109.5
C5—C6—H6	120.0	H11A—C11—H11C	109.5
C7—C6—H6	120.0	H11B—C11—H11C	109.5
C3—N1—C1—O1	-174.27 (19)	N1—C3—C4—C5	-179.95 (19)
C9—N1—C1—O1	-4.6 (3)	C3—C4—C5—C6	0.8 (3)
C3—N1—C1—C2	5.3 (3)	C4—C5—C6—C7	-1.5 (4)
C9—N1—C1—C2	174.98 (19)	C5—C6—C7—C8	1.0 (4)
O1—C1—C2—C11	-20.0 (3)	C6—C7—C8—C3	0.1 (4)
N1—C1—C2—C11	160.48 (15)	C4—C3—C8—C7	-0.8 (3)
C1—N1—C3—C4	-98.8 (2)	N1—C3—C8—C7	179.5 (2)
C9—N1—C3—C4	91.4 (2)	C1—N1—C9—C10	-96.3 (2)
C1—N1—C3—C8	81.0 (3)	C3—N1—C9—C10	73.7 (3)
C9—N1—C3—C8	-88.8 (2)	C1—N1—C9—C11	139.2 (2)
C8—C3—C4—C5	0.3 (3)	C3—N1—C9—C11	-50.8 (3)

Fig. 1

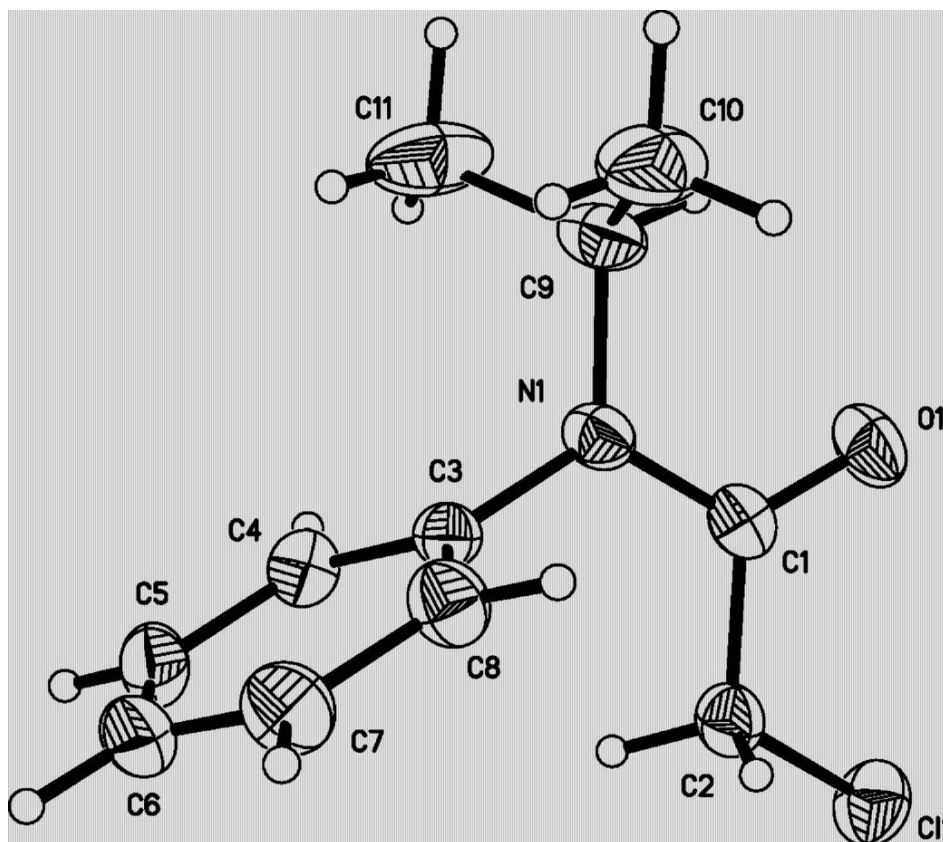


Fig. 2

